Malachi 2:1-9

- 2:1-9 is the second part of the second disputation (1:6-2:9)
 - Directed at the Levitical priesthood (Levites and priests)
- 2:1-9 can be divided in two halves focused on the theme of the Levitical priesthood's failure to show YHWH the respect the Great King (the "great King" whose "name will be feared among the nations") deserves:
 - \circ 2:1-3 "if you will not take it to heart to give **honor** to my name" (2:2)
 - 2:4-9 "It was a covenant of fear, and <u>he feared me</u>. He <u>stood in awe of my name</u>."
 (2:5)
- 2:1-9 develops the curse promised at the end of the first part of this second disputation in the last verse of that section (1:14) by declaring a curse in both first half and second half of this second part:
 - 2:1-3 "I will send the curse upon you and I will curse your blessings," in 2:2.
 - o 2:4-9 "I make you despised and abased," declared in 2:9
- 2:1-9 addresses two issues presented to the priesthood in 1:9-14:
 - 2:1-3 YHWH responds to his question presented to the priesthood in 1:6 which was: *"Where is my honor?...Where is my fear?*
 - 2:4-9 YHWH condemns the priesthood for allowing the people to despise the rituals and requirements of the covenant presented in 1:7-8 as:
 "offering polluted food upon my altar... 'the Lord's table may be despised'... you offer blind animals in sacrifice... you offer those that are lame or sick."

Malachi 2:1 – "And now, O priests, this command is for you.

	3548 [e] hak·kō·hă·nîm.	2063 [e] haz·zō <u>t</u>	4687 [e] ham∙miş∙wāh	413 [e] 'ă·lê∙ <u>k</u> em		6258 [e] wə·'at·tāh,	
•	הַכֹּהֲנִים: O priests		הַמְצְוָה commandment	אָלִיכֶם to	•	ןעַתָּה Now	1
	Art N-mp	Art Pro-fs	Art N-fs	Prep 2mp		Conj-w Adv	

2:2 – If you will not listen, if you will not take it to heart to give honor to my name, says the Lord of hosts, then I will send the curse upon you and I will curse your blessings. Indeed, I have already cursed them, because you do not lay it to heart.

		8034 [e] liš·mî, לְשָׁמָׂי ly name lsc 1cs	kā·bō·wd קַבְוֹד glory	5414 [e] la·tét גְרָתָ to give Prep-l V-Qal-Inf	•	3820 [e] افل <u>ک</u> ڑ heart N-ms	5921 [e] 'al- על־ to Prep	tā·ś		x ⁿ	ō w 7	해8 [e] 'ə·'im- "[옷고 and if Conj	•	tiš∙r			וס לא not	518 [e] 'im- 2 אָכ־ if Conj
(1293 [e] bir·kô·w·tê·kem; בְּרְכָוֹתֵיכֶם your blessings N-fpc 2mp	853 [e] 'et- אֶת־ אֶת־ DirObjM		779 [e] wə·'ā·rō·wːtî i țېriŋ and I will curse Qal-ConjPerf-1cs	hai	3994 m·mə·'ê·ra אֵאֶרֶׁה <mark>a cur</mark> Art N	ah, 'e ת־ הַק se	¢t- bā-ķe چ` ⊇⊃ - upon yo	р <mark>оп</mark>	nj-w V-P	wə·šil·	ןשׁלַ send		6635 [e] sə·bā·'o·w <u>t</u> žָּבָאוֹת of hosts N-cp	Ya	068 [e] ah·weh יְהָוֶה 'ahweh per-ms	V-Qa	559 [e] 'ā·mar אַמֵר says II-Perf-3ms
)						3820 [e] lêb. <u>ל</u> ב: <u>heart</u> N-ms	5921 [e] 'al- עַלָּר to Prep V	do	שָׁמָים take [it]	369 [e] ê·nə·kem אינכם not you Adv 2mp		kî Ç	'ā•rō		nā, n ķ		1571 [e] wə·ğam [גַּמַ s already nj-w Conj

- 1. "take it to heart ("leb", בָּבֹ) stated 2x in this verse
- 2. "curse" ("meerah", מָאֶרָה) repeated 3x in this verse
- 3. The "blessings" of the Levites must refer to the special favor they had for serving the Lord in the temple which would include the benefits they received from the tithing of the produce of all Israel.
 - a. If the land did not produce the Levitical provisions would equally be reduced
 - b. 3:11 mentions two of the blessings that would be removed causing devastation to the Levitical priesthood's ability to survive:
 - i. Concerning crops: "I will rebuke the devourer for you, so that it will not destroy the fruits of your soil."
 - 1. The "devourer" was some kind of devouring worm or pest that ate away at the crop.
 - ii. Concerning wine: "Your vine in the field shall not fail to bear, says the LORD of hosts."

2:3 – Behold, I will rebuke your offspring, and spread dung on your faces, the dung of your offerings, and you shall be taken away with it.

6569 [e] pe∙reš		6440 [e] ê· <u>k</u> em,	5921 [e] 'al-	6569 [e] pe∙reš		2219 [e] wə·zê·rî· <u>t</u> î		2233 [e] haz·ze·ra',	853 [e] 'et-	lā·ķem	1	605 [e] ġō∙'êr		-
യ්ටුවූ the refuse		פְנֵילֶם r <mark>faces</mark>	עַל־ on	ੇ ਫ੍ਰਿਡ refuse		וַזַרְיתִי and spread		הַלֶּרַע descendants	אָת־ -	לָכֶם [ַ] your	I will	גֿעֵר rebuke	0.000	
N-msc	N-mp	c 2mp	Prep	N-ms	Conj-w V-Piel-0	ConjPerf-1cs		Art N-ms	DirObjM	Prep 2mp	V-Qal-Pr	tcpl-ms	Interjection 1cs	s
"Refuse'	'. "Offal	" - per	res - کש	e "fec	al matter".									
	- CA				al matter", Lanimal	413	3 [e]	853 [6	1		5375 [e]		2282	2 [e]
	- CA				al matter", I animal		3 [e] Iāw.	853 [e 'et·ken	-	,	5375 [e] və·nā·śā		2282 ḥag·gê·k	
	- CA					'ê·		'et·ken	n	,		_		em;
	- CA					'ê·	lāw.	'et·ken גַּרְכֶם	n X	d [one] will ta	wə·nā·śā ןנָשָׂא	- of	ḥag∙gê∙k	em; תגיי

- 1. "Rebuke your offspring"
 - a. The descendent and heirs of the Levitical priesthood would be rebuked and rejected
 - b. Aaron, and, also, his grandson Phinehas had been given promises that would continue to their family through the generations. But, now, no more.

- 2. "Offal" or "Refuse" peres $\forall j = /peh$ -resh/ means "fecal matter", "dung". In this case of animals and included the internal waste of the cut open sacrificed animal.
 - a. Normally this waste or offal was to be carried out of the camp and disposed of.
 - b. Now, first, "spread dung on your faces" would occur to the priests.
 - i. The "dung of your offerings" would be spread on the faces of the Levitical priesthood.
 - ii. Then, "you shall be taken away with it", or the Levitical priesthood would be taken to the garbage dump outside the camp to be disposed of together.

2:4 – So shall you know that I have sent this command to you, that my covenant with Levi may stand, says the Lord of hosts.

3878 [e] lê∙wî,		1285 [e] bə∙rî∙ <u>t</u> î		2063 [e] ha z·zō <u>t</u> ;	4687 [e] ham∙miş∙wāh		413 [e] 'ă·lê· <u>k</u> em,	7971 [e] šil·laḥ·tî		3045 [e] wî∙ <u>d</u> a'·tem	
לוי	אֶת־	ڐؘڶ؞ڹڵڔ	לְהָיָוֹת	הַזָּאַת	הַמִּצְוָה	אָת	אֲלֵיכֶׂם	שָׁלַחָתִי	Ęĭ	<u>ןידַ</u> עְּאֶֶׁם <u>1</u>	
Levi	with	My covenant	that may continue	this	commandment	-	to you	I have sent	that	Then you shall know	
N-proper-ms	Prep	N-fsc 1cs	Prep-l V-Qal-Inf	Art Pro-fs	Art N-fs	DirObjM	Prep 2mp	V-Piel-Perf-1cs	Conj	Conj-w V-Qal-ConjPerf-2mp	

	6635 [e]	3068 [e]	559 [e]
	şə·bā·'ō·w <u>t</u> .	Yah∙weh	'ā∙mar
÷	:צְּכָאָוֹת	יְהוָה	אָמַר
	of hosts	Yahweh	says
	N-cp	N-proper-ms	V-Qal-Perf-3ms

- 1. "Covenant" is mentions 6x by Malachi
 - a. 3x in chapter 2:1-9 referring to YHWH's agreement with Levi (Arron)
 - i. 2:4 –
 - ii. 2:5 –
 - iii. 2:8 –
 - b. Once to the "covenant of the fathers" (2:10)
 - c. O nce to the covenant of marriage (2:14)
 - d. Once, apparently to the "new covenant" of Jeremiah 31:31 in 3:1 -*"the Lord whom you seek will suddenly come to his temple; and the messenger of the covenant."*
- 2. "Covenant with Levi" would be the provisions in the Law referred to in:
 - a. Numbers 3:45-48 The Levites were taken instead of the firstborn of all Israel
 - b. Numbers 18:21-24 –

"<u>To the Levites I have given every tithe in Israel for an inheritance</u>, **in return for their service that they do, their service in the tent of meeting**, so that the people of Israel do not come near the tent of meeting, lest they bear sin and die. But the Levites shall do the service of the tent of meeting, and they shall bear their iniquity. It shall be a perpetual statute throughout your generations, and among the people of Israel they shall have no inheritance. For the tithe of the people of Israel, which they present as a contribution to the Lord, <u>I have given to the Levites for an inheritance</u>. Therefore I have said of them that they shall have no inheritance among the people of Israel."

 It was also extended to an individual, Aaron's grandson Phinehas in Numbers 25:12-13: "Therefore say, 'Behold, I give to him my covenant of peace, and it shall be to him and to his descendants after him the covenant of a perpetual priesthood, because he was jealous for his God and made atonement for the people of Israel."

2:5 - My covenant with him was one of life and peace, and I gave them to him. It was a covenant of fear, and he feared me. He stood in awe of my name.

4172 [e]			5414 [e]	7965	[e] 2416 [e]	854 [e]	1961 [e]	1285 [e]
mörwira	lōw	wa	i·'et·tə∙nêm-	wərhašršārlörwi	m, ha∙ḥay∙yîm	'it∙tōw,	hā·yə· <u>t</u> āh	bə∙rî• <u>t</u> î
מוֹרָא [that he might] fear [Me]	ڑا to him	and	ןאֶתְוֵם־ – וָאֶתְוֵם־ I gave them	;שֶׁלוֹם and pead	הַחַיִּים (הַ ce [one] of life	אָתֿו with him	הָיָתָה <mark>was</mark>	ן בְרַיתֵי ן 5 My covenant
N-ms	Prep 3ms	Conj-w V-Qal-ConsecImpe	erf-1cs 3mp	Conj-w, Art N-r	ms Art N-mp	Prep 3ms	V-Qal-Perf-3fs	N-fsc 1cs
		1931 [e] hū.	2865 [e] ni·ḥa <u>t</u>	8034 [e] šə∙mî	644 ū∙mip∙p	ŀ0 [e] ə∙nê		3372 [e] way∗yî∗rā∗'ê∗nî;
		- קוא: was	נְחַת reverent	שְׁמֻי My name	and be	וּמִקָּוַ fore		וַיְּירָאֲנָי so he feared Me
		Pro-3ms	V-Nifal-Perf-3ms	N-msc 1cs C	Conj-w, Prep-m N	l-cpc Conj-	w V-Qal-Conse	cimperf-3ms 1cs

- 1. Verses 5-6 describe the ideal, perfect situation God created for the Levites. It was a "covenant of fear" with Levi and Aaron based on:
 - a. Given to Levitical priesthood: "Life and peace" for the Levitical priesthood
 - b. Given to YHWH by Levi: "Covenant of fear"..."feared" YHWH and "stood in awe" of YHWH

2:6 – True instruction was in his mouth, and no wrong was found on his lips. He walked with me in peace and uprightness, and he turned many from iniquity.

8193 [e] biś·pā· <u>t</u> āw;		4672 [e] nim∙şā	3808 [e] lō-		766 [e] aw·lāh		I <mark>0 [e]</mark>)î∙hū,	1961 [e] hā·yə· <u>t</u> āh	571 [e] 'ĕ∙me <u>t</u>		
בִשְׂפָתֻיו on his lips	wa	נִמְצָּא s found	לא ר not		ועַןלָד ustice	זו in his m	בְּכִּיז iouth	הָיְתָה <mark>was</mark>	אֱמֶת [ָ] of truth		6
Prep-b N-fdc 3ms	V-Nifal-F	Perf-3ms	Adv-NegPrt	Conj-w	/ N-fs	Prep-b N-msc	3ms	V-Qal-Perf-3fs	N-fs	s N-fsc	
5771	[e]	7725 [e	9] 7	227 [e]	854 [e]	1980 [e		43	34 [e]	7965 [[e]
mê·'ā·w	ōn.	hê·šî	b wə∙ra	ıb∙bîm	'it∙tî,	hā·lak	<u>(</u>	ū∙⊵ə∙mî∙	šō·wr	bə·šā·lō·w	m
רְדָ: -	άŭ	זּשָׁיב	5 T	וְרַבָּים	אמי	<u>הַכ</u> ָּד		שור	וּבְמִי	שָׁלִוֹם	Ę,
from iniq	uity tı	urned awa	y and	Imany	with Me	He walked		and e	equity	in peac	e:
Prep-m N	-cs V-Hi	fil-Perf-3m	s Conj-w	Adj-mp	Prep 1cs	V-Qal-Perf-3ms	:	Conj-w, Prep-b	N-ms	Prep-b N-m	ns
4 Lav <i>ila</i> a amila											

- 1. Levi's service to Israel:
 - a. "True instruction"
 - b. "No wrong" avel עֶוֶל /eh-vel/ "injustice", "unrighteousness"
 - i. No bad advice
 - ii. No corrupt council
 - c. "Turned many from iniquity"
- 2. Levi's character before YHWH:
 - a. "peace" -- "shalom" -- "completeness, soundness, welfare, peace"
 - b. "equity" "a level place"

2:7 – For the lips of a priest should guard knowledge, and people should seek instruction from his mouth, for he is the messenger of the Lord of hosts.

6310 [e] mip·pî·hū;	1245 [e] yə·⊵aq·šū	8451 [e] wə <u>∙t</u> ō∙w∙rāh		1847 [e] <u>d</u> a·'a <u>t</u> ,		04 [e] nə∙rū-	3548 [<u>k</u> ō∙hê		3588 [e] kî-	
- מִפֵּיהוּ from his mouth	יְבַקְשָׁוּ [people] should seek	ןְתוֹרָה and the law	•	לַעַת knowledge		יִשְׁמְו <mark>keep</mark>	្រី of a prie	<	⊊י⊤ For	7
Prep-m N-msc 3ms	V-Piel-Imperf-3mp	Conj-w N-fs		N-fs	V-Qal-Imper	f-3mp	N-m	ıs N-fdc	Conj	
				1931 [e] hū.	6635 [e] şə·⊵ā·'ō·w <u>t</u>		068 [e] h∙weh-	4397 [e mal·'al	e] 3588 [e k l	e] kî
				, הוא: he [is]	צָּכָאֻוֹת of hosts		יְהָןָה־ ahweh ti	ַלְאַך he messenge		⊘
				Pro-3ms			per-ms	N-ms		nj

- 1. "For" ki The reason for verse 2:5-6 was that Levi had this responsibility before the Lord who had made a covenant with him.
- 2. Priest's responsibility:
 - a. Guard knowledge means "to keep", "to watch", "to preserve" knowledge
 - b. Provide instruction means people would "seek" from Levi "direction", "instruction" and the "law"
 - c. Messenger of Lord of Hosts The Levitical Priesthood was the established institution of the Messengers of YHWH. They existed for this purpose.

2:8 - But you have turned aside from the way. You have caused many to stumble by your instruction. You have corrupted the covenant of Levi, says the Lord of hosts,

1	859 [e] wə·'at·tem	5493 [e] sar·tem	4480 [e] min-	1870 [e] d∙de∙re <u>k</u> ,		3782 [/ hik·šal·ter	27 [e]	8451 [e] bat·tō·w·rāh;	
8	ןאַתֶּםׂ But you	סַרְתָּם ve departed	מן-	ַדַּלֶּרֶך the way	ਰ <mark>–</mark>	ېښېږم دېښېږم ve caused to stumbl	רַבָּיב	בתוֹרָה - בַּתּוֹרָה at the law	-
	Conj-w Pro-2mp	Qal-Perf-2mp	Prep V-	Art N-cs	ip .	V-Hifil-Perf-2m	dj-mp	Prep-b, Art N-fs	
ſel	7843	1285 [e]	3878 [e]		559 [e]	3068 [e]	6635 [e]		
	ši·ḥat·te	bə·rî <u>t</u>	hal·lê·wî,		'ā∙mar	Yah·weh	şə·bā·'ō·wt.		
Ψ	זּמָם	בְּרֵית	הלוי	•	אָמַר	יָהוָה	צְּכָאָוֹת:		
ed	You have corrupt	the covenant	of Levi		says	Yahweh	of hosts		
np	V-Piel-Perf-2	N-fsc	proper-ms	Art N	Perf-3ms	N-proper-ms V-Qal-	N-cp		

- 1. Instead of fulfilling their end of the covenant the priests have done just the opposite.
- 2. Result: Levitical priesthood will be "despised and abased"
- 3. The priests have:
 - a. Turned aside
 - b. Caused many to stumble
 - c. Corrupted the Covenant
 - i. "corrupted" shachath means "go to ruin", "spoil", "corrupt"

2:9 – and so I make you despised and abased before all the people, inasmuch as you do not keep my ways but show partiality in your instruction."

6310 [e] kə∙pî,		5971 [/ hā·'ān		1	8217 [e] ə·pā·lîm	959 [e] ni <u>b</u> ∙zîm			5414 [e] nā· <u>t</u> at·tî	589 [e] 'ă∙nî		′1 [e] jam-
כְּכָּי because	•	لِاِت the peopl	тт	•	וּשְׁפָלֻים Ind base	נְכְזַים contemptible			נָתַּהִי e made	אֲנְֿי ו	Therefore	ןנֵם [.] also
Prep-k N-msc		Art N-m	ns Prep-I N-ms	c Conj-w	Adj-mp	V-Nifal-Prtcpl-mp	DirObjM 2mp	V-Qal-I	Perf-1cs	Pro-1cs	Conj-w	Conj
			8451 [e]	6440 [e]		5375 [e]	1870 [e]	854 [e]		8104 [e]	369 [e]	834 [e]
		P	bat·tō·w·rāh.	pā∙nîm		wə·nō·śə·'îm	də∙rā∙ <u>k</u> ay,	'e <u>t</u> -	šō	∙mə∙rîm	'ê∙nə• <u>k</u> em	'ă∙šer
		Ð.	בַּמּוֹרָה:	פָּנָים		וְנֹשְׂאָים	ڊ ۲ؚלֵי	אָת־	ì	שׁמְרֵים	אַינָכָםׂ	אַשֶׂר
		-	in the law	-	but have	shown partiality	My ways	for	ha	ave kept	not you	-
		Punc F	Prep-b, Art N-fs	N-mp	Conj-w	V-Qal-Prtcpl-mp	N-cpc 1cs	Prep	V-Qal-P	rtcpl-mp	Adv 2mp	Pro-r