Jude 17-25

| | | WRITTEN TEXT | | JUDE'S COMMENT |
|----|----------------|---|---------------|--|
| 1. | Jude 5-7 | Jude reminds readers of: a. Exodus generation destroyed for not keeping faith (Exodus, Numbers) b. Angels who locked up for leaving their place (Genesis 6) c. Sodom consumed with fire for pursuing unnatural desire (Genesis 19) | Jude 8 | False teachers likewise rely on dreams, defile flesh, reject authority and blaspheme the gloriesthey will also be destroyed, kept for judgment and be consumed with eternal fire |
| 2. | Jude 9 | Jude recalls archangel Michael contending with the devil simply saying, "The Lord rebuke you." (Ascension of Moses and Zechariah 3:2) | Jude 10 | False teachers blaspheme what they do not understand and are destroyed like animals by things they do understand |
| 3. | Jude 11 | Jude selects 3 examples of behavior that guarantees judgment from the Lord: a. Way of Cain (Genesis 4) b. Balaam's error of going after gain (Numbers 22-25) c. Korah's rebellion (Numbers 16) | Jude 12-13 | False teachers are hidden disasters, shepherd only themselves, waterless clouds blown by wind, waves of sea foaming up shame, wandering stars heading into eternal darkness |
| 4. | Jude 14- 15 | Enoch's prophecy (1 Enoch 1:9) that the Lord is coming with his angels to judge all ungodly for: a. Ungodly deeds b. Harsh words | Jude 16 | False teachers are hopeless and heading for same judgment because of deeds and their harsh words: - grumblers - discontented - loud-mouthed boasters - flattering |
| 5. | Jude 17- 18 | Apostles predicted, "In the last time there will be scoffers, following their own ungodly passions." | Jude 19-23 | False teachers described: - Cause division - Worldly people - Devoid of Spirit Believers counter by building foundation in: - faith - prayer - stay in love of God - wait for his mercy Ministry to others: - mercy for doubters - snatch others from fire - mercy with fear hating clothes stained by flesh |

We see three phases concerning false teachers:

- 1. **The warning** that false teachers are coming (28-57 AD)
- 2. **The battle** within the Church against the false teachers (49-64 AD)
- 3. The "victory" of the false teachers over the apostles in the Churches (64-96 AD)

| Three Stages of Interaction with False Teachers in the New Testament Church of the First Century | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Warning of Coming False Teachers | Confrontation of Apostle's with False Teachers | Churches Lost to the False Teachers | | | | | | | | | |
| 28-57 AD | 49-64 AD | 64-96 AD | | | | | | | | | |
| Matthew 7:15, 21-22 John 10; Mark 13:5 Acts 20:29-30 | Galatians 1:6-7, 10 Galatians 5:7-8, 10 2 Thessalonians 2:1-2 2 Corinthians 11:4-5 2 Corinthians 11:13-15 Ephesians 4:14 Philipians 3:1-3 Colossians 2:4 Colossians 2:8 1 Timothy 1:3-4 1 Timothy 6:3-5, 9-10 Titus 1:10-11 Titus 1:13-14 | 2 Peter 2:1, 17-19 2 Peter 3:16 Jude 3-4 Jude 12-13 2 Timothy 1:15, 17-18 2 Timothy 4:10, 16 1 John 4:1-6 2 John 7, 9-11 3 John 9-10 Revelation 2:2-3, 6, 9, 14-16 Revelation 2: 20, 24-25 Revelation 3:1-2, 8-9, 17, 20 | | | | | | | | | |

Matthew 7:15-20 – "Beware of false prophets, who come to you in sheep's clothing but inwardly are ravenous wolves. You will recognize them by their fruits. Are grapes gathered from thornbushes, or figs from thistles? So, every healthy tree bears good fruit, but the diseased tree bears bad fruit. A healthy tree cannot bear bad fruit, nor can a diseased tree bear good fruit. Every tree that does not bear good fruit is cut down and thrown into the fire. Thus you will recognize them by their fruits."

Acts 20:29-30 – "For I know this, that after my departing shall grievous wolves enter in among you, not sparing the flock. Also of your own selves shall men arise, speaking perverse things, to draw away disciples after them."

2 Peter 2:1, 17-19 – "But there were false prophets also among the people, even as there shall be false teachers among you, who privily shall bring in damnable heresies, even denying the Lord that bought them, and bring upon themselves swift destruction....these are wells without water, clouds that are carried with a tempest; to whom the mist of darkness is reserved for ever. For when they speak great swelling words of vanity, they allure through the lusts of the flesh, through much wantonness, those that were clean escaped from them who live in error. While they promise them liberty, they themselves are the servants of corruption: for of whom a man is overcome, of the same is he brought in bondage."

<u>2 Thessalonians 2:9-12</u> – "The coming of the lawless one is by the activity of Satan with all power and false signs and wonders, and with all wicked deception for those who are perishing, because they refused to love the truth and so be saved. Therefore God sends them a strong delusion, so that they may believe what is false, in order that all may be condemned who did not believe the truth but had pleasure in unrighteousness.

2 Timothy 4:4 - "So they will turn their ears away from the truth and turn aside to myths."

<u>Romans 1:28</u> – "Furthermore, since they did not see fit to acknowledge God, He gave them up to a depraved mind, to do what ought not to be done."

Jude 17 – But you must remember, beloved, the predictions of the apostles of our Lord Jesus Christ.



- 1. The readers are called "beloved" which indicates they are loved by God and are in a relationship:
 - a. Their relationship (beloved) is established by a covenant (New Covenant).
 - b. They are secure and favored.
 - c. But, they are facing serious opposition from leadership that is hopeless and already condemned.
 - d. There are two groups in this letter:
 - i. The New Covenant believers, or the true church, preserved for glory.
 - ii. The false shepherds (false teachers, heretics) who are hopeless and destined for darkness
- 2. "Remember" is a call to the believers to recall the teaching of the apostles or the Word of God.
 - a. This is the first imperative of this letter, or first command, demand on the people.
 - b. This begins a series of imperatives in verses 17-23:
 - c. Forgetting (or, not knowing) the Scripture results in spiritual regression
 - d. Not knowing the Word of God will prevent these believers from applying: faith, prayer, love of God and mercy commanded in verse 20 (imperatives).
 - e. The first section of Jude began with the same when he wrote in verse 5: "Now I want to <u>remind</u> you, although you once fully knew it..."
- 3. "predictions" proeiremenon meaning "having been spoken beforehand"

Jude 18 – They said to you, "In the last time there will be scoffers, following their own ungodly passions."



- 1. "They said to you" is imperfect tense and can be translated (as in the Greek above) "they were saying to you" repeatedly, over and over
- 2. Examples of the apostles predictions are:
 - a. Acts 20:29-30
 - b. 2 Thessalonians 2:5
 - c. 1 Timothy 4:1-3
 - d. 2 Timothy 3:1-9
- 3. "Scoffers" is from empaiktes.
 - a. A compound of"
 - i. the preposition **en** meaning "in, on, at, by, with" and
 - ii. the word *paizo* which means "to play as a child"
 - b. Meaning "to mock at", "to ridicule", "to jeer"
- 4. The final stage of this age or the time before Christ return there will be a clear distinction between those who know the Word of God and those who are void, empty of the Truth.
 - a. This gap in worldview or perception of reality will result in mocking and the no capacity to understand the other perspective.
 - b. The deception will be strong because of hardened hearts and total darkness of the soul.
 - c. The inability to process information correctly will be impossible because the framework for truth has been dismantled.
- 5. "Passions" epithumia "desire", "passionate longing", "lust"
 - a. These people do not have the Holy Spirit so there is no conviction.
 - b. The human spirit is dead and dark so there is no guilt, no human conscience

Jude 19 – It is these who cause divisions, worldly people, devoid of the Spirit.

| 19 | 3778 [e] | 1510 [e] | 3588 [e] | 592 [e] | 5591 [e] | 4151 [e] | 3361 [e] | 2192 [e] |
|----|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| | Houtoi | eisin | hoi | apodiorizontes | psychikoi | Pneuma | mē | echontes |
| | Οὖτοί | είσιν | οί | ἀποδιορίζοντες, | ψυχικοί , | Πνεῦμα | μὴ | ἔχοντες . |
| | These | are | those | causing divisions | worldly-minded | [the] Spirit | not | having |
| | DPro-NMP | V-PIA-3P | Art-NMP | V-PPA-NMP | Adj-NMP | N-ANS | Adv | V-PPA-NMP |

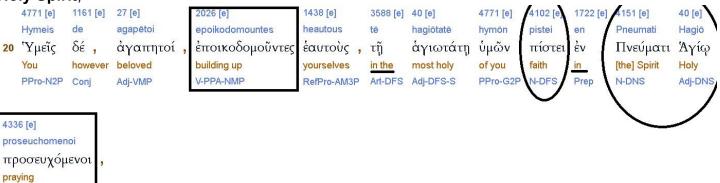
- 1. Again Jude identifies these false teachers and heretics as "these" (houtoi) in contrast with the "beloved".
- 2. "cause divisions" or "make distinctions", divide people, separate people into groups.

3. Described as:

V-PPM/P-NMP

- a. "worldly people" psychikoi "worldly-minded"
- b. "devoid of the spirit"
 - i. "The Spirit" would be the Holy Spirit
 - 1. This is true, but may not be the context of this statement
 - ii. "spirit" would be the human spirit
 - 1. This may be the context of this statement here.
 - 2. This would be the "hardened heart" (or "hardened human spirit"
 - 3. This spirit would be dead and unresponsive to:
 - a. Truth
 - b. Light
 - c. Holy Spirit
 - d. Instinctive human nature such as referred to in Romans 1:18-32
 - i. 1:18 they "suppress the truth"
 - ii. 1:19 "what can be known about God is plain to them, because God has shown it to them"
 - iii. 1:21 "they knew God, they did not honor him as God."
 - iv. 1:21 "they became futile in their thinking, and their foolish hearts were darkened."
 - v. 1:24 "God gave them up in the lusts of their hearts (spirits" to impurity"
 - vi. 1:25 "they exchanged the truth about God for a lie"
 - vii. 1:26 "God gave them up to dishonorable passions"
 - viii. 1:26 They "exchanged natural relations for those that are contrary to nature."
 - ix. 1:28 "God gave them up to a debased mind to do what ought not to be done."
 - e. Worse than brute beasts and animals who maintain their natural, nurturing instincts

Jude 20 – But you, beloved, building yourselves up in your most holy faith and praying in the Holy Spirit,



Jude 21 – keep yourselves in the love of God, waiting for the mercy of our Lord Jesus Christ that leads to eternal life.



Jude 22 – And have mercy on those who doubt;



Jude 23 – save others by snatching them out of the fire; to others show mercy with fear, hating even the garment stained by the flesh.



Jude 24 – Now to him who is able to keep you from stumbling and to present you blameless before the presence of his glory with great joy,

| | 3588 [e] | 1161 [e] | 1410 [e] | 5442 [e] | 4771 [e] | 679 [e] | 2532 [e] | 2476 [e] | 2714 [e] | 3588 [e] | 1391 [e] | 846 [e] |
|----|----------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|----------------|----------|------------------|--------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| | Tō | de | dynamenō | phylaxai | hymas | aptaistous | kai | stēsai | katenōpion | tēs | doxēs | autou |
| 24 | Τῷ | δè | δυναμένφ | φυλάξαι | ὑμᾶς | ἀπταίστους | καὶ | στῆσαι | κατενώπιον | τῆς | δόξης | αὐτοῦ , |
| | To Him | now | being able | to keep | you | from stumbling | and | to present [you] | in the presence of | the | glory | of Him |
| | Art-DMS | Conj | V-PPM/P-DMS | V-ANA | PPro-A2P | Adj-AMP | Conj | V-ANA | Prep | Art-GFS | N-GFS | PPro-GM3S |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

299 [e] 1722 [e] 20 [e]
amōmous en agalliasei
ἀμώμους ἐν ἀγαλλιάσει —
blameless with exultation
Adj-AMP Prep N-DFS

Jude 25 -to the only God, our Savior, through Jesus Christ our Lord, be glory, majesty, dominion, and authority, before all time and now and forever. Amen.

| | 3441 | | |] 4990 [e | • | - | B [e] 2424 [e | | | | 2962 [e] | 1473 [e] | 1391 [e] | 3172 [e] | | 2904 [e] |
|-----|--------|----------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|----------|---------|--------------------------------|
| 25 | 1 | | Theō Θεῷ God | Sōtēri Σωτί Savior | hēmōi ῆρι ἡμῶ· of us | v , διὸ | lēsou Ingo ugh Jesus | Christ ກັບ Xpາດ Christ | στοῦ | τοῦ | Kyriou Kupíou Lord | hēmōn ἡμῶν , of us | doxa δόξα , [be] glory | ' ' | | kratos κράτος , dominion |
| | Adj-E | | N-DMS | | | | • | | | une Art-GMS | | PPro-G1P | | N-NFS | | N-NNS |
| 253 | 32 [e] | 1849 [e] | I | 4253 [e] | 3956 [e] | 3588 [e] | 165 [e] | 2532 [e] | 3568 [e |] 2532 [e] |] 1519 [e] | 3956 [e] | 3588 [e] | 165 [e] | 281 [e] | |
| kai | | exousia | | pro | pantos | tou ~ | aiōnos , ~ | kai | nyn ~ | kai | eis , | pantas | | aiōnas | Amēn | |
| KO | | έξους | • | • | παντὸς | TOU | αἰῶνος | | νũν | , και | εἰς | πάντας | | αἰῶνας . | | • |
| and | 1 | authorit | у | before | all | - | time | and | now | and | to | all | the | ages | Amen | |
| Cor | ηj | N-NFS | | Prep | Adj-GMS | Art-GMS | N-GMS | Conj | Adv | Conj | Prep | Adj-AMP | Art-AMP | N-AMP | Heb | |