#### **Haggai 2:2-9**

# 2:2 – "Speak now to Zerubbabel the son of Shealtiel, governor of Judah, and to Joshua the son of Jehozadak, the high priest, and to all the remnant of the people, and say,

1121 [e]	3091 [e]	413 [e]		3063 [e]	634	6 [e]		7597 [e]	1121 [e]	2216 [e]	413 [e]	4994 [e]	559 [e]	
ben-	yə·hō·wō·šu·a'	wə·'el-	У	ə·hū·₫āh,	pa <sup>.</sup>	ḥa <u>t</u>		šal·tî·'êl	ben-	zə·rub·bā·bel	'el-	nā,	'ĕ·mār-	
چار۔ son	יְהוֹשֻׁעַ Joshua	ַוְאֶל־ and to	•	יְהוּלָה of Judah		חלו nor		שֵׁלְתִּיאֵי Shealtiel	בֶּן־ son	זְרֻבָּבֶל Zerubbabel	\$ל־ to	ڬؚ now	בּאֶמֶר־ speak	2
N-msc	N-proper-ms	Conj-w   Prep		N-proper-ms	N	-msc	N	I-proper-ms	N-msc	N-proper-fs	Prep	Interjection	V-Qal-Imp-ms	
		559 [e]		597	1 [e]		7611 [e]	413	[e]	1419 [e]	354	8 [e]	3087	[e]
		lê∙mōr.		hā·	ʻām	Š	śə·'ê·rî <u>t</u>	wə·'e	el- hag	·gā·ḏō·wl;	hak∙kō·l	nên y	⁄ə·hō·w·ṣā·ḏ	āq
	•	לֵאמְר:	•		הָעָּ	I	שָׁא <u>ֵר</u> ָיו	ל-	וְאָ	הַגָּדְוֹל 🗸	75.	ַ הַכֹּ	וֹצָדָק	יָה
		saying		of the peo	ple t	he re	emnant	and	to	high	the pr	iest	of Jehozad	ak
		Prep-I   V-Qal-Inf		Art   1	N-ms		N-fsc	Conj-w   Pi	ер	Art   Adj-ms	Art   N	N-ms	N-proper-	ms

1. Zechariah 4:10 – do not despise the day of small beginnings

# 2:3 - "Who is left among you who saw this house in its former glory? How do you see it now? Is it not as nothing in your eyes?

hā·	7223 [e] ri·šō·wn;	b	3519 [e] i <u>k·bō·w·dōw</u>	2088 [e] haz·zeh,	1004 [e] hab·ba·yi <u>t</u>	853 [e] 'e <u>t</u> -		7200 [e] 8 rā·'āh '	334 [e] <b>ă·šer</b>	h	7604 [e] an∙niš·'ār,	bā∙kem	4310 [e] <b>mî</b>	
	הָרִאּשֶׁוֹן former	?	בּכְבוֹדְוֹ in its glory	הַּלֶּה this	הַבְּיִת temple	אֶת־ -		רָאָה יַ saw	אֲשֶׁר who		הַנִּשְׂאָׂר left	בָכֶם among you	מֶי who [is]	3
	Art   Adj-ms	Prep	-b   N-msc   3ms	Art   Pro-ms	Art   N-ms	DirObjM	V-Qal-F	Perf-3ms	Pro-r	Art   V-N	lifal-Prtcpl-ms	Prep   2mp	Interrog	
	b <b>ə</b> ·'ê∙né	5869 [e] <b>è·<u>k</u>em.</b>	369 [e] k <b>ə∙'a∙yin</b>		3644 [e] <u>k</u> ā·mō·hū	3808 <b>hă·lō</b> ·		6258 [e] 'at·tāh,		853 [e] <b>ō·<u>t</u>ōw</b>	7200 [e <b>rō·'în</b>	e] 859 [e] n 'at·tem	4100 <b>ū∙m</b>	
?		בְעֵינֵי	כְאַיִן	:	כָמֶהוּ זי ליייי פסס	לוֹא לוֹא thial m	•	לַּתָּה		אׄתוֹּ	אָים do ooc			וּכָּי
	Prep-b   N-c	r eyes dc   2mp	as nothing  Prep-k   Adv	in compan	Prep   3ms	Adv-Neg		now Adv	DirObjl	it M   3ms	do see	,	and ho	

- 1. 520 BC was 66 years after the temple fell, so anyone who remembers would have been 70-100 years old
- 2. In 537 it was 49 years after the fall, so the ages 53-100 could have remembered the temple.
- 3. Haggai's point to the people is, "All your work looks like nothing" or "What you see is equal to nothing."

2:4 – "Yet now be strong, O Zerubbabel, declares the LORD. Be strong, O Joshua, son of Jehozadak, the high priest. Be strong, all you people of the land, declares the LORD. Work, for I am with you, declares the LORD of hosts,

	1121 <b>b</b> e		ə·h	3091 [e] ō·wō·šu·a'		2388 [e] ḥ <b>ă·zaq</b>		3068 [e] Yah·weh	5002 [e] nə·'um-		216 [e] <b>ā·bel</b>	2388 <b>ḥă·z</b> :		6258 [e] wə·'at∙tāh
	S	oon msc		יָהוֹשֶׁעַ Joshua N-proper-ms		בְתַוַנְק strong al-Imp-ms	_	ำ่ำ; Yahweh N-proper-ms	קאָם־ says N-msc	Zerubb	pabel oper-fs	be stroi	ng	קֿתָה and yet now Conj-w Adv
	3068 [e] Yah·weh	5002 [e] nə·'um-		776 [e] hā·'ā·reș	5971 [e] <b>'am</b>	3605 [e] <b>kāl-</b>			2388 [e] ņ <b>ă∵zaq</b>	1419 [e] hag·gā·ḏō·wl		3548 [e] hak·kō·hên		3087 [e] yə·hō·w·ṣā·ḏāq
•	רְּוֶרְ Yahweh N-proper-ms	says N-msc	•	דָאֶנֶרץ of the land Art   N-fs	you people N-msc	בֶּל⁻ <mark>all</mark> N-msc		and be Conj-w   V-Qa		הַגָּדׄוֹל <mark>high</mark> Art   Adj-ms		תְבֹּבֶּהְ the priest Art   N-ms	•	יְהוֹצְּדָקׂ of Jehozadak N-proper-ms
						66 şə·bā·'	35 [e] <b>ō·w<u>t</u>.</b>			e] 854 [e] n 'it·tə·k̯em,	589 [ ' <b>ă</b> ∙ı			6213 [e] wa·'ă·śū;
							צְּבָאְ nosts N-cp	Yahweh	say	s with you	I [an	n] for	-	וְעֲשֵׂוּ and work Conj-w   V-Qal-Imp-mp

- 1. "Be Strong"
  - a. Joshua 1:6-9 the words from 1406 are used from the written text
  - b. 1 Chronicles 28:20 David encouraged Solomon with similar words as he prepared to build the temple

# 2:5 – "according to the covenant that I made with you when you came out of Egypt. My Spirit remains in your midst. Fear not.



- 1. This is saying based on the words of the covenant my Spirit is with you
- 2. Two things:
  - a. The Word
  - b. The Spirit
- 2:6 "For thus says the LORD of hosts: Yet once more, in a little while, I will shake the heavens and the earth and the sea and the dry land.

7493 [e] <b>mar·'îš</b>	589 [e] wa∙'ă∙nî,	1931 [e] <b>hî</b> ;	4592 [e] <b>mə·'a</b> ţ		259 [e] <b>'a∙ḥa<u>t</u></b>	5750 [e] ' <b>ō·w</b> d	6635 [e] <b>ā·'ō·w<u>t</u>,</b>	3068 [e] Yah·weh		559 [e] ' <b>ā·mar</b>	3541 [e] 3 <u>k</u> ōh	8588 [e] <b>kî</b>	
מַרְעִישׁ will shake	וַאָנִי and I	הָיא it [is]	גְעַט a little while	•	אַחַת Once	עוֹד – more	אֲבָאׂות of hosts	יְהֹנֶה Yahweh		אָמַר says	לָה thus	כָּי For	6
V-Hifil-Prtcpl-ms	Conj-w   Pro-1cs	Pro-3fs	Adv	N	umber-fsc	Adv	N-cp	N-proper-ms	V-Qal-	Perf-3ms	Adv	Conj	
	he·ḥā	2724 [e] ā·rā·ḇāh.	853 [e] <b>wə</b> ·'e <u>t</u> -		3220 [e] y∙yām	853 [e] wə·'e <u>t</u> -	776 [e] hā·'ā·reș,		53 [e] • 'e <u>t</u> -	haš	8064 [€ · <b>šā·ma·yin</b>	-	3 [e] ' <b>e</b> t-
		הֶתְרָבֶּה dry land Art   N-fs	וְאֶת־ and Conj-w   DirObjM	th	הַיָּ'ֻם ne sea t   N-ms	וֶאֶת־ and Conj-w   DirObjM	הָאָׄרֶץ earth Art   N-fs		וְאֶת and rObjM	•	קַיִּם <mark>heave</mark> i Art   N-m	n	אָת - ObjM

- 1. First shaking was Exodus 19:18
- 2. The "once more" shaking is future:
  - a. Near future refers to the problem with the supply of building material will be shaken loss and the nations will assist.
  - b. The distant future is Isaiah 60:5 and explained in 63 AD in Hebrews 12:26-29

# 2:7 – "And I will shake all nations, so that the treasures of all nations shall come in, and I will fill this house with glory, says the LORD of hosts.



- 1. "Shake all nations"
- 2. "The treasures (desire) of all nations shall come in"
  - a. Three interpretations:
    - i. Messianic the phrase "Desire of all Nations" is understood to refer to the Messiah or Jesus. Introduced early and included in Latin Vulgate by Jerome which influenced English translations and hymns. Christians apply it to either the first or second coming of Christ. This view is unlikely because nothing in the context so far speaks of anything other than material wealth and rebuilding the temple with the impersonal material wealth.
    - ii. Nonmessianic three ways this places out.
      - All the nations arrive with riches
      - 2. All the nations send delegates with their riches
      - 3. All the nations help provide resources to build the temple. The desire is the treasures. And, the verb come is plural meaning

- iii. Blend of the two
  - 1. 2:8 refers to the silver and the gold
  - 2. 2:9 refers to the shekinah glory or the presence of God
  - The point of 2:7 is the material to build the temple and all nations providing because God is in control. The example begins with Cyrus sending the gold back that Nebuchadnezzar took from the temple
- 3. "I will fill this house with glory"

#### 2: 8 – "The silver is mine, and the gold is mine, declares the LORD of hosts.

		3701 [e]		2091 [e]	5002 [e]	3068 [e]	6635 [e]	
	lî	hak·ke·se <u></u> p	wə·lî	haz·zā·hābٍ;	nə·'um	Yah⋅weh	şə·bā·'ō·w <u>t</u> .	
8		הַכֶּסֶרְ the silver [is]		the gold [is]				•
	Prep   1cs	Art   N-ms	Conj-w   Prep   1cs	Art   N-ms	N-msc	N-proper-ms	N-cp	

- 1. The nations may have the silver and gold, but they belong to the Lord.
- 2. Literally, "to me the silver and to me the gold."
- 3. YHWH controls the silver and the gold even if the nations and George Soros have them at the moment. The silver and gold are always under the Lord's control.

# 2: 9 - "The latter glory of this house shall be greater than the former, says the LORD of hosts. And in this place I will give peace, declares the LORD of hosts."



- 1. Hebrew literally reads, "great will be the glory of this house the latter."
  - a. Which is latter, the "glory" or "house"
    - i. NIV, KJ "the glory of this latter house
    - ii. NASV, NRSV, NAB, NLT "the latter glory of this house"
- 2. "latter glory" is compared with "former glory"
  - a. This is similar to Isaiah in:
    - i. 42:9 "Behold, the former things have come to pass, and new things I now declare; before they spring forth I tell you of them."
    - ii. 43:9-10 "All the nations gather together and the peoples assemble. Who among them can declare this, and proclaim to us the former things? Let them present their witnesses to vindicate them, so that others may hear and say, "It is true." "You are My witnesses," declares the LORD, "and My servant whom I have

- chosen, so that you may consider and believe Me and understand that I am He. Before Me no god was formed, and after Me none will come
- iii. 46:9-10 "Remember what happened long ago, for I am God, and there is no other; I am God, and there is none like Me. I declare the end from the beginning, and ancient times from what is still to come. I say, 'My purpose will stand, and all My good pleasure I will accomplish.'
- iv. 48:3,6 ""The former things I declared of old; they went out from my mouth, and I announced them; then suddenly I did them, and they came to pass... "You have heard; now see all this; and will you not declare it? From this time forth I announce to you new things, hidden things that you have not known.
- v. 65:17 "For behold, I create new heavens and a new earth, and the former things shall not be remembered or come into mind."
- 3. The "latter glory of the Lord's house" is greater than the "former glory of the Lord's house" (Solomon's Temple)
- 4. This latter Temple with greater latter glory will also include "peace in this place"
  - a. "Peace" is shalom which means "completeness, soundness, welfare, peace"
    - i. NRSV translates it "prosperity to match the talk about silver and gold
    - ii. NIV translates it "peace
  - b. The conjunction **waw** translated "and" as in "and in this place I will give peace" may better be translated "because" as in "because in this place I will give peace"
  - c. Peace can come voluntarily from the nations or involuntarily (by war and force) upon the nations:
    - i. Voluntary peace from the nations:
      - 1. Micah 4:1-2 (1-4) "It shall come to pass in the latter days that the mountain of the house of the Lord shall be established as the highest of the mountains, and it shall be lifted up above the hills; and peoples shall flow to it, and many nations shall come, and say: "Come, let us go up to the mountain of the Lord, to the house of the God of Jacob, that he may teach us his ways and that we may walk in his paths.
      - 2. Isaiah 2:1-4 (same)
    - ii. Forced peace from war and conquest over the nations
      - 1. Zechariah 14 Read
      - 2. Isaiah 60 Read

EVENT	Isaiah 2	Isaiah 60	Micah 4	Zechariah 14	Haggai 2
Topography	2		1	4, 8, 10	
change, Jerusalem					
elevated					
Battle				2, 12-15	22
Pilgrims travel to	3	3-9	2	16-19	
Jerusalem					
Nation's Wealth		3-9, 11		14	7
Peace Established	4	12, 17-18	3-4	9, 12, 17-19	9
YHWH teaches	3		2		

The rebuilding of the Temple in 520 is the next step towards achieving the greater latter glory and the peace in Jerusalem.