



Philistia



Zorah



Sorek Valley

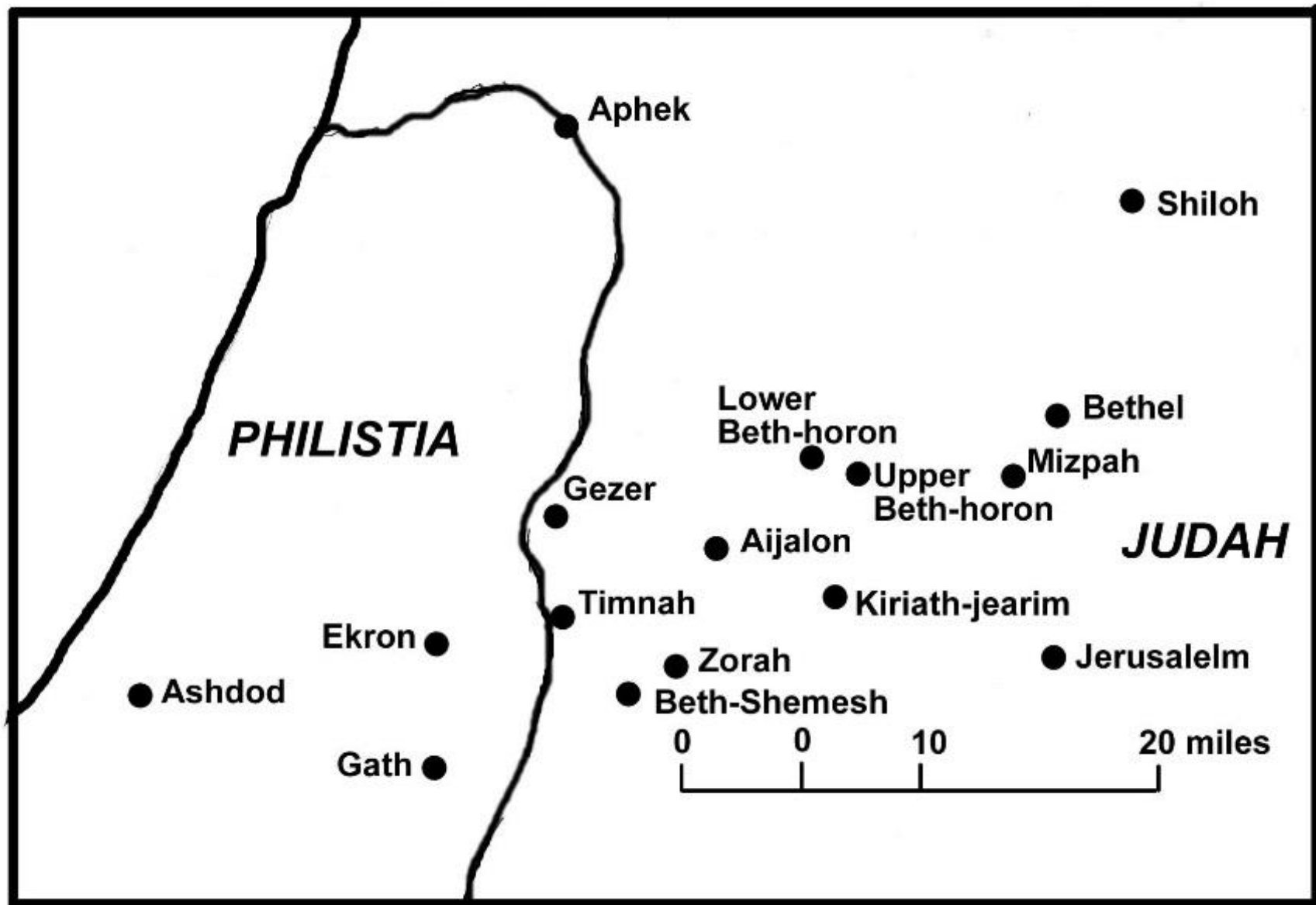
Beth Shemesh

Beth Shemesh Excavation



- Archaeologists discovered while excavating Beth Shemesh in the Judean Hills.
- It appears to depict the Old Testament story of Samson.
- The seal measures less than an inch in diameter.
- The seal shows a large animal with a feline tail attacking a human figure.
- The seal was discovered at a level of excavation that dates to around 1050 BC.
- The location of the find was close to the Sorek Valley that marked the boundary between the Israelites and the Philistines.

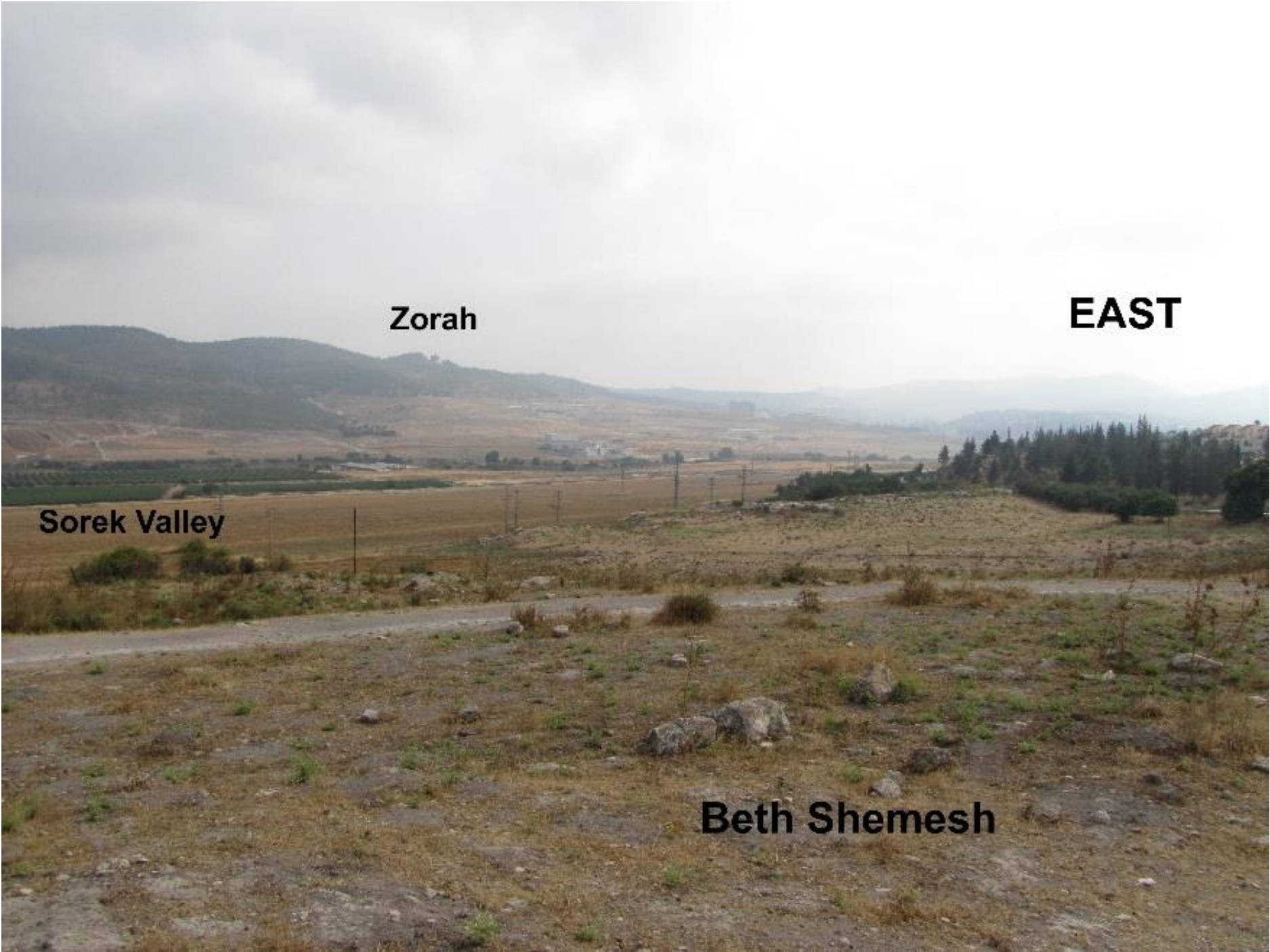




An archaeological excavation site in the Sorek Valley. The image shows a large, rectangular stone wall made of roughly hewn, light-colored stones. The wall is partially buried in a trench. To the left, a red ladder is leaning against the wall. In the background, there are more stone structures and a view of a valley with some buildings and trees. A red pole is visible on the right side of the frame. The ground is sandy and uneven.

Sorek Valley

**Beth-Shemesh
excavation**



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EAST

Sorek Valley

Beth Shemesh

WEST

Philistia



Sorek Valley

Beth Shemesh

