Habakkuk 3:3-16

Habakkuk 3:3 – "God came from Teman, and the Holy One from Mount Paran.

Selah

His splendor covered the heavens, and the earth was full of his praise.





- 1. "God" is called Eloah here in the Hebrew.
 - a. This is an ancient form of the word for "God"
 - Used 41 times in Job and only 16 other times in the OT.
 - c. When Habakkuk speaks to God in 3:8 he calls him Yahweh
 - d. At the end of ch. 3 Habakkuk addresses God as "Yahweh Adonai" (3:19) to express his full submission to God by adding Adonai ("lord", "master") to the personal name of God.
- "Came" is the focus of this chapter. This is "coming of the Lord" is what Habakkuk has been wanting and now must continue to wait for. But, when the Lord does "come" this is what it will be like.
 - Habakkuk 2:3 "...though it tarry wait for it because it will surely <u>come</u> and it will not tarry."
- 3. Teman is in Edom southern Edom.
 - The Lord is recognized as beginning his approach from a place on earth instead of heaven above.
 - Habakkuk traces the Lord's movement from Mt. Sinai through Edom (Teman) into the land of Judah to Jerusalem.
- 4. Paran is a mountain in the Desert of Paran west of Teman on the other side of the valley that connects the Dead Sea to the Gulf of Agaba.





- 5. God being identified as "Holy One" is crucial concerning he is first coming in judgment on the house of Judah before he ultimately comes to judge the nations.
- 6. "Selah" had a liturgical function relating to the music or the prayer in the Temple.
 - a. It may mean that the music was to continue to play, while the worshippers paused from singing to think about the words they had just sung.
 - b. It does indicate something that took place either in the music, the singing, the prayer or among the worshippers.
- 7. This is similar to Deuteronomy 33:2-4
 - a. Paran is a reference to Mount Sinai even though Mount Sinai was to the south of the desert of Paran.
 - b. Mount Paran may be east of the desert of Paran in the cliffs west of the gulf of Agabah
 - c. Mount Paran is only mentioned in Deuteronomy 33 and Habakkuk 3:3.
- 8. "Splendor" or "glory" refers to kingly authority
- 9. "Full" or "covered" kissah means to extend over a surface to permeate or to conceal
 - a. Habakkuk 2:14 uses the same word to say, "For the earth will be <u>filled</u> with the knowledge of the glory of the Lord as the waters cover the sea."
- 10. First the glory covers the heavens and then fills the earth
- 11. Isaiah 63:1
- 3:4 His brightness was like the light; rays flashed from his hand; and there he veiled his power.
- 3:5 Before him went pestilence, and plague followed at his heels.
- 3:6 He stood and measured the earth; he looked and shook the nations; then the eternal mountains were scattered; the everlasting hills sank low. His were the everlasting ways.
- 3:7 I saw the tents of Cushan in affliction; the curtains of the land of Midian did tremble.
- 3:8 Was your wrath against the rivers, O Lord?
 Was your anger against the rivers,
 or your indignation against the sea,
 when you rode on your horses,
 on your chariot of salvation?
- 3:9 You stripped the sheath from your bow,

calling for many arrows.

Selah

You split the earth with rivers.

- 3:10 The mountains saw you and writhed; the raging waters swept on; the deep gave forth its voice; it lifted its hands on high.
- 3:11 The sun and moon stood still in their place at the light of your arrows as they sped, at the flash of your glittering spear.
- 3:12 You marched through the earth in fury; you threshed the nations in anger.
- 3:13 You went out for the salvation of your people, for the salvation of your anointed.You crushed the head of the house of the wicked, laying him bare from thigh to neck.

Selah

- 3:14 You pierced with his own arrows the heads of his warriors, who came like a whirlwind to scatter me, rejoicing as if to devour the poor in secret.
- 3:15 You trampled the sea with your horses, the surging of mighty waters.
- 3:16 I hear, and my body trembles; my lips quiver at the sound; rottenness enters into my bones; my legs tremble beneath me. Yet I will quietly wait for the day of trouble to come upon people who invade us.