## Habakkuk 2:12-20

2:6b -

"Shall not all these take up their taunt against him, with scoffing and riddles for him, and say...



- 1. "proverb" masal a proverbial saying, a figurative speech, mocking byword
- 2. "taunting" melisa from the word lis meaning "to scorn, to deride, to mock"
- 3. "riddle" hidot a riddle or elusive saying with paradox or double meaning.

All three are also seen in Proverbs 1:6 -

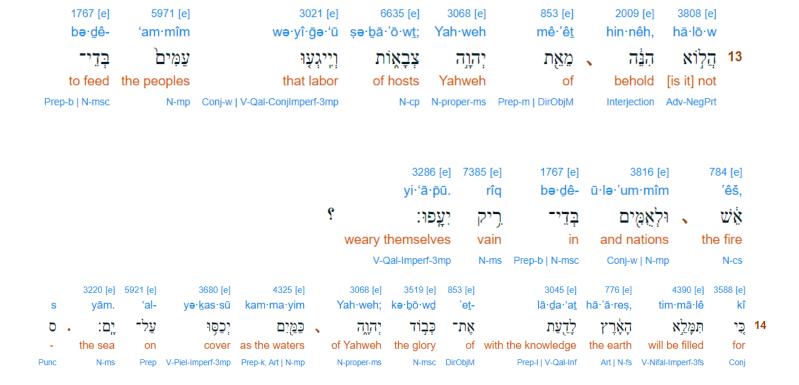
"to understand a proverb (*masal*) and a <u>saying</u> (*melisah*), the words of the wise and their riddles (*hidot*)."



## #3 - Habakkuk 2:12-14

- 2:12 "Woe to him who <u>builds a town with blood</u> <u>founds a city on iniquity!</u>
- 2:13 Behold, is it not from the Lord of hosts <u>peoples labor merely for fire</u>, <u>nations weary themselves</u> <u>for nothing</u>?
- 2:14 For the earth will be filled the knowledge of the glory of the Lord as the waters cover the sea.

	5766 [e] bə·'aw·lāh.	7151 [e] qir·yāh	3559 [e] <b>wə·<u>k</u>ō·w·nên</b>		1818 [e] bə∙₫ā∙mîm;	5892 [e] 'îr	1129 [e] <b>bō·neh</b>	1945 [e] <b>hō·w</b>	
!	בְּעַוְלָה: by iniquity		וְכוֹבֵּן and who establishes	`			בֹגָה to him who builds	הֶוֹי Woe	12
	Prep-b   N-fs	N-fs	Conj-w   V-Piel-ConjPerf-3ms		Prep-b   N-mp	N-fs	V-Qal-Prtcpl-ms	Interjection	



- 1. "**Woe**" from **how** or **hoy** in Hebrew is often translated "woe", but is closer to the English "**Ahah**!" or "**Ah**!"
- 2. Parallelism in this third woe.
  - a. In grammar parallelism is parallel structure or construction by using successive verbal constructions which correspond in grammatical:
    - i. structure
    - ii. sound
    - iii. meter
    - iv. meaning
  - b. Already seen in Woe #1 and #2
  - c. First parallelism in this woe/proverb is a double a-b-c pattern:
    - a he builds (bo-neh) to buildb a city
      - c with blood (**be**-da-mim) **with** blood
    - a he establishes (we-ko-w-nen) to be firm
      - b a town
        - c with violence (**be**-aw-lah) **with** injustice, unrighteousness
  - d. Second parallelism is:
    - a they will labor
      - b the peoples
        - c to feed fire (**be-de** 'es) **to feed** the fire
    - b the nations
      - c in vanity (**be-de** riq) **in** vain
        - a they will become weary
- 3. In scripture cities can be seen as man's effort to humanize God's plan for man to subdue the earth.

- a. Instead of having dominion over the earth, mankind created cities as a way to preserve themselves and reap the greatest benefit with the least effort.
- b. Cities are often seen as bad, evil and in opposition to the Lord
- c. First city was built by Cain and dedicated to his son in Genesis 4:16-17: "Then Cain went away from the presence of the Lord and settled in the land of Nod,[f] east of Eden. Cain knew his wife, and she conceived and bore Enoch. When he built a city, he called the name of the city after the name of his son, Enoch."
- d. Nimrod built an empire Genesis 10:8-10 and was a forerunner of Nebuchadnezzar and the anti-Christ
- e. Tower of Babel in Genesis 11:4 was man's arrogance in direct rebellion to the Lord's command and purpose
- f. Sodom in Genesis 13:10 and 19:24-25
- g. Egypt enslaved the Hebrews to build their treasure cities in Exodus 1:11
- 4. 2:13 states that the oppressive ruler, Babylon, will receive no benefit from their efforts to build the city. Their labor and weariness for self will be in vain.
- 5. Fire has destroyed many great cities when they fell and fire will be there in the end:
  - a. Isaiah 66:15
  - b. 2 Peter 3:10
- 6. 2:14 In the end it will be God who will prevail.
  - a. Every empire will fall to the next rising empire (nation shall rise against nation and kingdom against kingdom)
  - b. Eventually, as Habakkuk points out, all the empires of man will fall to the Lord and the Lord's glory and the Lord's knowledge will fill the earth:
- 7. In 2:14 Habakkuk draws from well-known ancient Hebrew text:
  - a. Numbers 14:21 "Truly, as I live, and as <u>all the earth shall be filled</u> <u>with the glory of the Lord</u>."
  - b. Isaiah 11:9 "They shall not hurt or destroy in all my holy mountain; for the earth shall be full of the knowledge of the Lord as the waters cover the sea."
  - c. Habakkuk combines Moses' "glory of Yahweh" with Isaiah's "knowledge of Yahweh" in the universal covering of the earth.
- 8. Note that Jeremiah refers to Babylon while quoting Habakkuk in Jeremiah 51:58 while making some modifications:
  - "Thus says the Lord of hosts: The broad wall of Babylon shall be levelled to the ground, and her high gates shall be burned with fire. The peoples labor for nothing, and the nations weary themselves only for fire."

## #4 - Habakkuk 2:15-17

- 2:15 "Woe to him who makes his neighbors drink—you pour out your wrath and make them drunk, in order to gaze at their nakedness!
- 2:16 You will have your fill of shame instead of glory. Drink, yourself, and show your uncircumcision! The cup in the Lord's right hand will come around to you, and utter shame will come upon your glory!
- 2:17 The violence done to Lebanon will overwhelm you, as will the destruction of the beasts that terrified them, for the blood of man and violence to the earth, to cities and all who dwell in them.





	6188 [e]	859 [e]		1571 [e]	8354 [e]	3519 [e]	7036 [e]	7646 [e]	
	wə·hê·'ā·rêl;	'at·tāh		gam-	š <b>ə</b> ∙ <u>t</u> êh	mik·kā·bō·wd,	qā·lō·wn	śā·ḇa'·tā	
-	וְהַעָּרֵל	אַתָּה	•	ַבַם־	שְׁתָה	מָכָבׂוֹד	לַלוֹן	אָבַעָּה	16
	and be exposed as uncircumcised	You		also	Drink	instead of glory	with shame	You are filled	
	Conj-w   V-Nifal-Imp-ms	Pro-2ms		Conj	V-Qal-Imp-ms	Prep-m   N-ms	N-ms	V-Qal-Perf-2ms	

3519 [e]	5921 [e]	7022 [e]	3068 [e]	3225 [e]	3563 [e]	5921 [e]	5437 [e]
kə·bō·w·de·kā.	ʻal-	wə·qî·qā·lō·wn	Yah·weh,	yə∙mîn	kō∙ws	'ā·le· <u>k</u> ā,	tis∙sō∙wbౖ
בְּבוֹדֶךְ:	על־	וְקִיקָלְוֹן	יְהֹנָה	יְמָין	בָנוֹס	נְלֶיךּ	תַּסְוֹב
your glory	on	and utter shame will be	of Yahweh	of the right hand	the cup	against you	[will be] turned
N-msc   2ms	Prep	Conj-w   N-ms	N-proper-ms	N-fsc	N-fsc	Prep   2ms	V-Qal-Imperf-3fs

			286 yə·ḥî	35 [e] · <u>t</u> an;	bə∙h	929 [e] n <b>ê·mō·w</b> ṯ			7701 [e] wə·šōd		уə	3680 [e] ·k̞as·se·kā,	3844 [e] lə·ḇā·nō·wn			2555 [e] ḥ <b>ă·mas</b>	3588 [e] kî	
•	[which] m				O	בְהֵמְוֹת of beasts N-fp			וְשָׁד plunder nj-w   N-msc	V-Pie		יָבֶּטֶּׁךְ: Il cover you perf-3ms   2mse	לְבָנוֹן Lebanon N-proper-fs		violence	חֲמֻס [done to] N-msc	קי For Conj	17
	s		bāh.		427 [e] š <b>ə</b> ·bê	3605 <b>wə</b> ·			715 qir	1 [e] <b>yāh</b>		776 [e] ' <b>e∙re</b> ș,		55 [e] <b>nas-</b>	120 [e] ' <b>ā·dām</b>		181 mid·də	8 [e] · <b>mê</b>
	٥	٠	בָה:		ָלִשְׁבֵי וופער		וְכָי	`	_		•	אֶּׁרֶץ מר א בריל		וַחָמ	אָדָם	, heen	•	מִדְּוֹ
	Punc		in it Prep   3fs	V-Qal-Prto	dwell	and of Conj-w   N-			[and] the	N-fs		of the land	and the viole		of men N-ms	peca	use of bl Prep-m   N	

## #5 - Habakkuk 2:18-20

- 2:18 "What profit is an idol when its maker has shaped it, a metal image, a teacher of lies? For its maker trusts in his own creation when he makes speechless idols!
- 2:19 Woe to him who says to a wooden thing, Awake; to a silent stone, Arise! Can this teach? Behold, it is overlaid with gold and silver, and there is no breath at all in it.
- 2:20 But the Lord is in his holy temple; let all the earth keep silence before him."

Cor	3384 ū·mō·w· "רָה and a teac nj-w V-Hifil-Prtcp	reh iאָז 、 her	ma the molde		ih <u>D</u> Je	yō·ṣə· j its ma	יְצְרְ aker s	6458 [eː p̄ə·sā·lōw פַּׁסָלוֹ Should carve it Qal-Perf-3ms   3ms	ּכִּי that	6459 [e pe·sel לֶּבֶּלֶ the image N-ms	h 1	ō·w·ˈîl הוּצְיר rofit is	4100 [ māl -7 Wha	h- ਨੂ <b>18</b> at
	s 'i	e 483 [e il·lə·mîm אַלְּמְים: mute Adj-m	i e·lí לֵלִים ? i	l·lîm אֱלִי dols	6213 la·'ă·śō· יַשְׂוֹת to ma rep-۱  V-Qal	w <u>t</u> לַץְּ	5921 [e] 'ā·lāw, עָלָיו in it	yiṣ·rōw יְצְרִי of its mold	the mal	şêr ا این ker shoul	oā·ṭaḥ בְּטֵּח d trust	3588 [e] kî that Conj	Š	3267 [e] ā·qer; of lies N-ms
!	3384 [e] yō·w·reh, יוֹנֶה shall teach V-Hifii-Imperf-3ms	הָוּא it	1748 [e] dū·mām; Figa silent	le •	68 [e] פיפים פיפים לְגֶּלֶכֶן co stone	•	82 [e] 'ū·rî <b>y ⊢</b> Arise -Imp-fs	6974 [י hā·qî·ṣāh קִיצָה Awak V-Hifil-Imp-ms   3	n, 	6086 [e] Iā·'êş לְעֵין to wood		559 [e] 'ō·mêr אֵמֶגֹ ho says -PrtcpI-ms	h V	5 [e] סֿיא 19 איס Woe
	• Pri	bə·qir·	בְקרְ in it ther	369 [e] 'ên אַין re is no Adv	rū∙aḥ rū•aḥ	W	ַלְכֶּל at all		זָהָב with gold	V-Qal-QalPas	tā·pūś תָפוּשׂ overlaid	הוא it [is]	`	2009 [e] hin·nêh- הַבְּהַר behold Interjection

	3068 [e]	1964 [e]	6944 [e]	2013 [e]	6440 [e]	3605 [e]	776 [e]		
	Yah⋅weh	b <b>ə</b> ·hê· <u>k</u> al	qā·də·šōw;	has	mip∙pā·nāw	kāl-	hā·'ā·reș.	)	p
20	וְיהנָה	בְּהֵיכַל	קַדְעֻוֹ	הַס	מְפָּנָיִו	בָּל־	:הָאֶרֶץ	-	Ð
	But Yahweh is	in temple	His holy	let keep silence	before Him	all	the earth		-
	Conj-w   N-proper-ms	Prep-b   N-msc	N-msc   3ms	Interjection	Prep-m   N-cpc   3ms	N-msc	Art   N-fs	:	Punc